

Latin American Midstream Oil & Gas Deal of the Year 2013: Chihuahua

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Mexico has made an expansion of its network of natural gas pipelines a priority, as long-awaited energy reform comes into effect. The country hopes to unlock new investment in upstream, but until then needs to upgrade its network to receive imported gas. Imported gas made up 3% of consumption in 2003, but 30% in 2012.

One long-time Mexican gas pipeline operator, Gasoductos de Chihuahua, is making sure it is in a good position to participate in this network expansion. Gasoductos de Chihuahua closed a financing in December to help fund the first phase of the Ramones project. Gasoductos de Chihuahua closed a

The holding company is a joint venture of Sempra subsidiary IEnova and Pemex Gas y Petroquimica Basica (PGPB), a subsidiary of state-owned oil company Petróleos Mexicanos (Pemex), which has enjoyed a legal monopoly over domestically produced natural gas.

In July 2013, Gasoductos de Chihuahua signed a 25-year contract with PGPB to operate a 118km pipeline and two compression stations. The pipeline, which would connect at the US border with the Agua Dulce-Frontera line, and related compression stations would be the first phase of the Ramones pipeline. 114km San Fernando a gas pipeline, the 200kn Burgos-Monterrey petro gas pipeline, the 37km Samalayuca natural gas pipeline, and the Gloria

Less than four months later, Pemex awarded half of Ramones II a segment known as Ramones SPONSORS North to a joint venture of two of its affiliates, Gasoductos de Chihuahua and TAG Pipelines. Ramones North would be a larger \$1.1 billion 441km pipeline that would cross the states of Nuevo Leon and San Luis Potosi. The award came after Pemex scrapped a formal procurement for the entire phase and a bid that is understood to have conformed to the tender requirements from a venture of GDF Suez and Enagás. Sempra subsi (50%) and Pe Pemex Gas y Basica (50%) DEBT \$490 million

Gasoductos de Chihuahua first approached lenders for new debt in 2011, when it bid for the Chihuahua Corridor pipeline. But Fermacas Tarahumara Pipeline won that project instead. BBVA was expected to lead a financing for Gasoductos de Chihuahua, but the sponsors postponed the deal after deciding that they would not need new capital.

After it won Ramones I, Gasoductos de Chihuahua mandated BBVA and BTMU as bookrunners and financial advisers on a \$490 million financing. Mizuho and Nord/LB soon joined the fully amortising 13.5-year term loan as mandated lead arrangers. The debt is priced at about 200bp over Libor. BBVA and BTMU SPONSOR LEGAL ADVISI Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton; Ritch, Muelle Heather v Nicolau

The financing is a hybrid facility that mixes project finance and corporate finance techniques. Gasoductos de Chihuahua is the borrower for the new debt and already owns four assets: the 114km San Fernando natural gas pipeline, the 200km Burgos-Monterrey petroleum gas pipeline, the 37km Samalayuca natural gas pipeline, and the Gloria a Dios compression station. Samalayuca and Gloria a Dios make up Mexicos Chihuahua System of pipelines.

de RL de CV STATUS Closed December 2013 SIZE \$490 million DESCRIPTION Holding company of four Mexican gas assets: the 114km San Fernando natural gas pipeline, the 200km Burgos-Monterrey petroleum Samalayuca natural gas pipeline, and the Gloria a Dios compression station Sempra subsidiary IEnova (50%) and Pemex subsidiary Pemex Gas y Petroquimica DEBT \$490 million LENDERS BBVA (bookrunner), BTMU (bookrunner), Mizuho, Nord/LB FACILITY AGENT BBVA SPONSOR FINANCIAL **ADVISERS** SPONSOR LEGAL ADVISER Hamilton; Ritch, Mueller, Heather y Nicolau LENDER LEGAL ADVISERS Shearman & Sterling; Galicia **ENVIRONMENTAL AND TECHNICAL CONSULTANT**

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The financing essentially monetises the assets revenues under their existing offtake agreements with Comisión Federal de Electricidad (CFE), the Mexican state-owned power company, and PGPB. Gasoductos de Chihuahuas four assets sell about 65% of their capacity to CFE, and the balance to PGPB under long-term take-or-pay transportation services agreements. As security, Gasoductos de Chihuahua offered the cashflows from the assets offtake agreements, not the assets themselves, as the banks would have preferred. Still, lenders were able to get comfortable with the borrower because it had existing cashflows.

Lenders were eager to participate in the Gasoductos de Chihuahua financing, however. Banks want to demonstrate their commitment to the Mexican market in a period of sluggish local deal flow. Lenders are also looking at a potential wave of gas-related financings, as the country builds out its pipeline infrastructure and encourages new gas-fired independent power projects. Mexico, and its gas sectors lenders, will also be able to hitch itself to the US shale gas production boom.

Sempra Energy also helped draw in lenders. The San Diego-based US electricity provider and natural gas distributor is investment-grade (Moodys rates it Baa1), and boasts a strong line-up of relationship banks.

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